

# **BAGALKOT UNIVERSITY**

Mudhol Road, Jamkhandi-587301 Dist: Bagalkot

# PROGRAM /COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS FOR COMPUTER SCIENCE

as per the Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) designed in accordance with Learning Outcomes-Based Curriculum Framework (LOCF)

For

# **Bachelor of Arts**Computer Science

(General Degree)
I and II Semester

w.e.f.

Academic Year 2024-25

## **Preamble for UG Syllabus of Bagalkot University**

Bagalkot University Jamkhandi has been established by the Government of Karnataka and has started functioning from the academic year 2023-24. All the degree colleges other than engineering and medical colleges in the district of Bagalkote, are affiliated to this university as per the Karnataka State Universities Act 2000, as modified by the 26th Act of 2022. The students taking admission to any of the colleges in the district of Bagalkote, from the academic year 2023-24 will be students of Bagalkot University. The Government of Karnataka has instructed all the Universities to revise the under graduate syllabus as per the Government order no. ED 166 UNE 2023 Bengaluru Dated 08-05- 2024 from the academic year 2024-25.

Hence the Bagalkot University has revised the syllabus as suggested by its Board of Studies and approved by Academic Council and Syndicate. The subject code format for all the subjects of the new syllabus is also revised.

The subject code format is described in the following.

### **Subject Code Format**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
VER	DEGREE	SEM	D:	ISCIPLINE		SUB. TYPE	SL. N SUB. TY		TH/LAB/F
2	Α	1	С	Н	Е	М	0	1	T
2	В	1	Р	0	L	М	0	1	T

- [1] The Version information gives the version of the syllabus. It can take values 1,2..9,a,b,...
- [2] The UG degree codes to be provided as / The code applicable to all degrees

### B.Sc. With Computer Science , Bagalkot University, Jamkhandi w.e.f. 2024-25

SI. No	Degre e Code		Degree
1	B.Sc.	А	Bachelor of Science
2	B.A	В	Bachelor of Arts
3	B.Com.	С	Bachelor of Commerce
4	ВВА	D	Bachelor of Business Administration
5	ВСА	E	Bachelor of Computer Applications
6	BSW	F	Bachelor of Social Work
7.		S	Applicable to all degrees

# [1] The Semester Information is provided as

SI. No	Semester
1	1
2	2
3	3

# 4-6 ]The Discipline Information to be provided as

SI No	Degree	Discipline Code
1	B.Com.	XXX
2	ВСА	XXX
3	BBA	XXX
4	BSW	XXX
5	B.A	'HIS', POL',GEO','KAN', 'HIN' etc. The detailed list is to be provided
6	B.Sc.	'PHY','CHE', 'BOT','ELE' etc. The detailed List is to be Provided

### [7] The Subject Type to be provided as

SI. No.	ТҮРЕ	Description
1	Major	М
2	Language	L
3	Constitutional Moral Values	С
4.	Elective	E
5.	Skill / Practical based learning	S
6.	Mini Project	P
7.	Internship	I
8.	Case study/ Survey using principles of Research methodology	R

# [8-9] The Running Serial Number is to be provided for a particular Subject type 01 to 99

[10] This character specifies the category of the subject namely, T=Theory, L-Practical, P-Project Work, F-Field work, Viva-V, I-Internship, Dissertation-D

### **Computer Science I & II Semester Syllabus and Preamble**

Computer Science (CS) has been evolving as an important branch of science and technology in last two decade and it has carved out a space for itself like engineering. Computer Science spans theory and more application and it requires thinking both in abstract terms and in concrete terms.

The ever -evolving discipline of computer science has strong connections to other disciplines. Many problems in science, engineering, health care, business, and other areas can be solved effectively with computers, but finding a solution requires both computer science expertise and knowledge of the particular domain. Computer science has a wide range of specialties. These include Computer Architecture, Software Systems, Graphics, Artificial Intelligence, Mathematical and Statistical Analysis, Data Science, Computational Science, and Software Engineering.

Universities and other HEIs introduced programmes of computer science. Information Technology is growing rapidly. Increasing applications of computers in almost all areas of human Endeavour has led to vibrant industries with concurrent rapid change in technology. Unlike other basic disciplines, developing core competency in this discipline that can be reasonably stable becomes a challenge. In India, it was initially introduced at the Master (postgraduate) level as MCA and M.Tech. Later on, engineering programmes such as B.Tech and B.E in Computer Science & Engineering and in Information Technology were introduced in various engineering College/Institutions to cater to the growing demand for trained engineering manpower in IT industries. Parallelly , BCA, B.Sc and M.Sc programmes with specialization in Computer Science were introduced to train manpower in this highly demanding area.

The degree is aimed at undergraduate level training facilitating multiple career paths. Students so graduated, can take up postgraduate programmes in M.Sc or MCA leading to research as well as R&D, can be employable at IT industries, or can pursue a teaching profession or can adopt a business management career. BSc aims at laying a strong foundation of computer science at

an early stage of the career. There are several employment opportunities and after successful completion of BSc, graduating students can fetch employment directly in companies as programmer, Web Developer, Software Engineer, Network Administrator, Data Scientist, or AI/ML personnel.

The Program outcomes in BSc are aimed at allowing flexibility and innovation in design and development of course content, in method of imparting training, in teaching learning process and in assessment procedures of the learning outcomes. The emphasis in BSc courses, in outcome-based curriculum framework, help studentslearn solving problems, accomplishing IT tasks, and expressing creativity, both individually and collaboratively. The proposed framework will help Students learn programming techniques and the syntax of one or more programming languages.

All students must, therefore, have access to a computer with a modern programming language installed. The computer science framework does not prescribe a specific language. The teacher and students will decide which modern programming languages students will learn. More importantly, students will learn to adapt tochanges in programming languages and learn new languages as they are developed. The present Curriculum Framework for BSc degrees is intended to facilitate thestudents to achieve the following.

- To develop an understanding and knowledge of the basic theory of Computer Science and Information Technology with good foundation on theory, systems and applications such as algorithms, data structures, data handling, data communication and computation
- To develop the ability to use this knowledge to analyze new situations in the application domain
- To acquire necessary and state-of-the-art skills to take up industry challenges. The objectives and outcomes are carefully designed to suit to the above-mentioned purpose.
- The ability to synthesize the acquired knowledge, understanding and experience for a better and improved comprehension of the real-life problems

- To learn skills and tools like mathematics, statistics and electronics to find the solution,
   interpret the results and make predictions for the future developments
- To formulate, to model, to design solutions, procedure and to use software tools to solve real world problems and evaluate

#### **PROGRAM OUTCOMES:**

- Discipline knowledge: Acquiring knowledge on basics of Computer Science and ability
  to apply to design principles in the development of solutions for problems of varying
  complexity
- 2. **Problem Solving**: Improved reasoning with strong mathematical ability to Identify, formulate and analyze problems related to computer science and exhibiting a sound knowledge on data structures and algorithms.
- Programming a computer: Exhibiting strong skills required to program a computer for various issues and problems of day-to-day applications with thorough knowledgeon programming languages of various levels.
- 4. **Application Systems Knowledge:** Possessing a sound knowledge on computer application software and ability to design and develop app for applicative problems.
- 5. **Communication:** Must have a reasonably good communication knowledge both in oral and writing.
- 6. **Ethics on Profession, Environment and Society:** Exhibiting professional ethics to maintain the integrality in a working environment and also have concern on societal impacts due to computer-based solutions for problems.
- 7. **Lifelong Learning:** Should become an independent learner. So, learn to learn ability.
- 8. **Motivation to take up Higher Studies:** Inspiration to continue educations towards advanced studies on Computer Science.

### By the end of the program the students will be able to:

The Bachelor of Computer Science program enables students to attain following additional attributes besides the afore-mentioned attributes, by the time of graduation:

B.Sc. With Computer Science, Bagalkot University, Jamkhandi w.e.f. 2024-25

- 1. Apply standard Software Engineering practices and strategies in real -time software project development
- 2. Acquaint with the contemporary trends in industrial/research settings and thereby innovate novel solutions to existing problems
- 3. The ability to apply the knowledge and understanding noted above to the analysis of a given information handling problem.
- 4. The ability to work independently on a substantial software project and as an effective team member.

# Syllabus and Credits Structure under Choice Based Credit System [CBCS] *General Degree* for the Three Years B.Sc. with Computer Science Undergraduate Programme with effect from 2024-25

				SEI	MESTE	R-I						
Categor	Course	Title of the Paper	ľ	Marks		Teaching hours/week			Credit	Duration of exams	Teaching Department	
у	code		IA	SEE	Total	L	L T P			(Hrs)		
L1		Language 1	20	80	100	3	-	-	3	3		
L2		Language 2	20	80	100	3	-	-	3	3		
Major	2B1COMM01T	Computer Fundamentals and	20	80	100	3	-	_	3	3	Computer Science	
-		Programming in C										
	2B1COMM01L	C Programming Lab	10	40	50	-	_	4	2	3	Computer Science	
Major		Theory Course Title	20	80	100	3	_	-	3	3		
Major		Lab Course Title	10	40	50	-	-	4	2	3		
Major		Theory Course Title	20	80	100	3	-	-	3	3		
Major		Lab Course Title	10	40	50	-	-	4	2	3		
	2S1XXXC01T	Constitutional Values	10	40	50	1	-	2	2	2	Constitutional Values:  • Political Science	
Common	2S1XXXC02T	Environmental Studies	nvironmental Studies								<ul><li>Environmental Studies:</li><li>Chemistry/Geology/Geography/ Botany</li></ul>	
			Tota	Marks	700		mester redits		23			

					SEMEST	ER-I	I				
Categor	Course code	Title of the		Marks		Teaching hours/week		Credit	Duration of exams	Teaching Department	
у		Paper	IA	SEE	Total	L	T	Р		(Hrs)	
L3		Language 3	20	80	100	3	1	_	3	3	
L4		Language 4	20	80	100	3	-	-	3	3	
Major	2B2COMM02T	Data Structures using C	20	80	100	3	-	-	3	3	Computer Science
-	2B2COMM02L	Data structures Lab	10	40	50	-	1	4	2	3	Computer Science
Major		Theory Course Title	20	80	100	3	-	-	3	3	
Major		Lab Course Title	10	40	50	-	1	4	2	3	
Major		Theory Course Title	20	80	100	3	-	-	3	3	
Major		Lab Course Title	10	40	50	_	-	4	2	3	
Common	2S1XXXC01T	Constitutional Values	10	40	50	1	-	2	2	2	Constitutional Values:  • Political Science
	2S1XXXC02T	Environmental Studies									Environmental Studies: • Chemistry/Geology/Geography/ Botany
			Total	Marks	700		emest Credit		23		

Year	I	Course Code: 2B1C	OMM01T		Credits	03
Sem.	1	<b>Course Title:</b> Compu	ter Fundamentals and Programming in (	С	Hours	42
Course	e Pre-	requisites, if any	NA			
Forma 20	tive A	ssessment Marks:	Summative Assessment Marks : 80	Duration of 03hrs.	of ESA:	
Course	е	After completing	g this course satisfactorily, a student will b	oe able to:		
Outco	mes	tasks • Understand of operating	operate Desktop Computers to carry out working of Hardware and Software and t systems programming languages, number syster	he importa		
		peripheral of internet cores read, unders language  Write the Cores read.	levices, networking, multimedia and acepts stand and trace the execution of progran ode for a given problem at and output operations using program.	ns written ir	n C	
		<ul> <li>Write progra</li> </ul>	ms that perform operations on arrays.			
Unit N	lo.		Course content		Hour	'S
Unit I		Definition, Charact Computers, General Organization of a D Conversion from of Codes – BCD, Gra Boolean Operators Software and Applit O.S and Types of O. Level & High Level Interpreter and Contact a Computer Progra	m - Algorithm, Flowchart with Examples.	History of uters, Basic erent types, Computer Algebra – System unctions of I, Assembly Assembler,		
Unit II		of C; Characteristic Creating and Execu C Programming E tokens - keywords, initialization of varia Input and output scanf(),control strin with printf();Unform character and a Operators & Expre Logical operators; operators; Bitwise of	Basic Concepts: C Character Set, Data identifiers, constants and variables Declables; Symbolic constants.  with C: Formatted I/O functions – pags and escape sequences, output spenatted I/O functions, to read and disparting- getchar(), putchar(), gets() as essions: Arithmetic operators; Relational Assignment operators; Increment & Operators; Conditional operator; Special and Associativity, Evaluation of arithmetic page 2.	types, C laration& orintf() and ecifications play single and puts() operators; Decrement operators;		

Unit III	Control Structures: Decision making Statements - Simple if, if_else, nested if_else, else_if ladder, switch case, goto, break & continue statements; Looping Statements - Entry controlled and Exit controlled statements, while, do while, for loops, Nested loops with examples.  Arrays: One Dimensional arrays - Declaration, Initialization and Memory representation; Two Dimensional arrays - Declaration, Initialization and Memory representation with examples.	11
Unit IV	Strings: Declaring & Initializing string variables; String handling functions – strlen(), strcmp(), strcpy() and strcat(); Character handling functions – toascii(), toupper(), tolower(), isalpha(), isnumeric() etc.  User Defined Functions: Need for user defined functions; Format of C user defined functions; Components of user defined functionsreturn type, name, parameter list, function body, return statement and function call; Categories of user defined functions - With and without parameters and return type.  User defined data types: Structures - Structure Definition, Advantages of Structure, declaring structure variables, accessing structure members, Structure members initialization, comparing structure variables, Array of Structures; Unions - Union definition, declaration & initialization, accessing union members, difference between Structures and Unions.	10
	Recommended Learning Resources	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Pradeep K. Sinha and Priti Sinha: Computer Fundamentals(SixthEdition), BEE. Balgurusamy: Programming in ANSIC (TMH)  Kamthane: Programming with ANSI and TURBO C(Pearson Education)  V. Rajaraman: Programming in C (PHI–EEE)	PB Publication

- 6. Kernighan & Ritche: The C Programming Language(PHI)
- 7. Yashwant Kanitkar: Let us C

Year	I	Course Code: 2B1C	OMM01L	Credits	02			
Sem.	I	Course Title: C Programming Lab						
Cource	Dro	· ·	Knowledge of Programming					
		e-requisites, if any:		Duration of ECA, 02h				
-orma	tive	Assessment Marks:10	Summative Assessment Marks:40	Duration of ESA: 03h	rs.			
		Practice Labs						
		1. The following	g activities be carried out/ discussed in t	he lab during the initial				
		period of the s	emester.	-				
			omputer Proficiency					
			Familiarization of Computer Hardware Pa					
			Basic Computer Operations and Maintena					
			Do's and Don'ts, Safety Guidelines in Com	•				
			ization of Basic Software – Operating Sy					
			ors, Internet Browsers, Integrated Devel	opment Environment				
			th Examples.					
		-	ogram Code, Debug and Compile basic	_				
			g C Programming fundamentals discuss	ed during theory				
		classes.						
		Part A:  1. Write a comm	and to create a directory, change directo	ry and Write a C Progra	m to			
			and to create a directory, change directors a circle and to find area and circumfere	, ,	111 10			
			ram to read three numbers and find the					
		-	ram to demonstrate library functions in					
		_	ram to check whether the given number					
		_	ram to generate n prime numbers.	,				
		_	gram to read a number, find the sum of t	he digits, reverse the				
		1	heck it for palindrome.					
			gram to read numbers from keyboard co	ntinuously till the				
		-	99 and to find the sum of only positive	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
		· ·	ram to read two numbers and perform ar					
		usingswitch ca	ise.	·				
		9. Write a C prog	ram to read marks scored by n students a	and find the				
		average of ma	rks (Demonstration of single dimension	al array.				
			ram to remove Duplicate Element in a si	9				
		11. Program to po	erform addition and subtraction of Matri	ces.				
		PART B:						
		1. Write a C Prog	ram to find the length of a string withou	t using built-in functior	١.			
			ram to demonstrate string functions.					
			gram to check a number for prime by de	- ·	റ.			
		_	ram to read, display and to find the trac					
			ram to read, display and multiply two m	_				
			ram to read a string and to find the num	ber of alphabets, digits	,			
		vowels, conso	nants, spaces and special characters.					

- 7. Write a C Program to Reverse a String.
- 8. Write a C Program to Swap Two Numbers.
- 9. Write a C Program to demonstrate student structure to read & display records of n students.
- 10. Write a C Program to demonstrate the difference between structure & union.
- 11. Write a C Program to find the roots of quadratic equation (demonstration of else if ladder).

Year	I	Course Code: 2B20	COMM02T		Credits	03		
Sem.	2	Course Title: Data	Structures using C	H	Hours	42		
Course	Pre-	requisites, if any	NA					
Format 20	tive A	ssessment Marks:	Summative Assessment Marks: 80	Duration	: 3hrs.			
Course Outcomes		<ul> <li>Describents</li> <li>queues</li> <li>and use</li> <li>Describents</li> <li>linked se</li> <li>Write period</li> <li>queues</li> <li>Demones</li> <li>Compa</li> </ul>	ing this course satisfactorily, a student will be able how arrays, records, linked structures, stacks, trees, and graphs are represented in memoryed by algorithms be common applications for arrays, records, structures, stacks, queues, trees, and graphs brograms that use arrays, records, linked structures, trees, and graphs astrate different methods for traversing trees are alternative implementations of data structures to performance	, / res, stack	S,			
Unit N	respect to performance  Describe the concept of recursion, give examples of its use Discuss the computational efficiency of the principal algorithms for sorting and searching  Unit No.  Course Content							
Unit-I		-Primitive & Non- structures. Algorit Measurement	data structures: Definition; Types of data structures: Definition; Types of data structures: Primitive, Linear and Non-linear; Operations of the Specification, Performance Analysis, Performance Anal	mance	10			
Unit-I		Pointers and Array of using pointers; memory allocation	g address and value of variables using pointer ys; Pointer Arithmetic; Advantages and disadva Dynamic memory allocation: Static & Dynamic n; Memory allocation and de- allocation function realloc() and free().	ntages				
Unit-II		Examples - Fibona of Hanoi; Compar <b>Sorting:</b> – Selection Selection sort, Ins	nition; Types of recursions; Recursion Technological numbers, GCD, Binomial coefficient "Cr, To ison between iterative and recursive functions. on sort, Bubble sort, Merge Sort, Quick sort, ertion sort; ential Search, Binary search; Iterative and Recur	wers	10			

	<b>Stacks</b> : Basic Concepts Definition and Representation of stacks; Operations on stacks; Applications of stacks; Infix, postfix and prefix notations; Conversion from infix to postfix using stack; Evaluation of postfix expression using stack;	
Unit III	Queues: Basic Concepts–Definition and Representation of queues; Types of queues-Simple queues, Circular queues, Double ended queues, Priority queues; Operations on Simple queues;  Linked list: Basic Concepts – Definition and Representation of linked list Types of linked lists – Singly linked list, Doubly linked list, Circular linked list; Operations on Singly linked lists – Traversing, Searching, Insertion, Deletion;	12
Unit IV	Trees: Definition; Tree terminologies –node, root node, parent node, ancestors of a node, siblings, terminal & non-terminal nodes, degree of a node, level, edge, path, depth;  Binary tree: Type of binary trees - strict binary tree, complete binary tree, Traversal of binary tree; preorder, in order and Post order traversal; binary search tree and heap tree;	10

### **Recommended Leaning Resources**

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni: Fundamentals of Data Structures
- 2. Tanenbaum: Data structures using C(Pearson Education)
- 3. Kamathane: Introduction to Data structures (Pearson Education)
- 4. Y. Kanitkar: Data Structures Using C(BPB)
- 5. Padma Reddy: Data Structure Using C
- 6. Sudipa Mukherjee: Data Structures using C 1000 Problems and Solutions (McGraw Hill Education, 2007)

Year	I	Course Code: 2B2COMM02L		Credits	02
Sem.	II			Hours	50
		Course Title: Data St	ructure Lab		
Cours	e Pre	-requisites ,if any:	Knowledge of Programming		
Forma	ative <i>i</i>	Assessment Marks:10	Summative Assessment Marks:40	Duration of ESA: 03h	nrs.
		Part A:			
			n to find GCD using recursive function		
		=	n to generate n Fibonacci numbers usir	ig recursive function.	
		~	n to implement Towers of Hanoi.		
		4. Write a C Program to implement dynamic array, find smallest and			
		largest element of the array.			
		5. Write a C Program to read the names of cities and arrange them alphabetically.			
		<ul><li>6. Write a C Program to sort the give n list using selection sort technique.</li><li>7. Write a C Program to sort the given list using bubble sort technique.</li></ul>			
		8. Write a C Program to search an element using linear search technique.		•	
		9. Write a C Program	n to search an element using recursive b	oinary search technique	٠.
		PARTB:			
		1. Write a C Progran	n to sort the given list using insertion so	ort technique.	
		2. Write a C Program to sort the given list using quick sort technique.			
		3. Write a C Program to sort the given list using merge sort technique.			
		1	n to implement Stack.		
			n to convert an infix expression to post	fix.	
		_	n to implement simple queue.		
		-	n to implement linear linked list.		
			n to display traversal of a tree.		
		9. Write a C Prograr	n to construct a binary search tree		

### ASSESSMENT METHODS

### **Formative Assessment for Theory**

Evaluation Scheme for Internal Assessment: Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA)

Assessment Criteria 20 marks		
1st Internal Assessment Test for 20 marks of 1 hour duration after 8 weeks and later marks should be reduced to 5	CIA: C1	5 Marks
2nd Internal Assessment Test for 40 marks 2 hours duration after	CIA:C2	10 Marks
15 weeks and marks should be reduced to 10		
Assignment/ Activity	CIA:C3	05 Marks
Т	otal	20 Marks

### Summative Assessment for Theory:

SEMESTER END EXAM : SEE	C4	80 Marks

### **Formative Assessment for Practical:**

Assessment Criteria 10 marks		
Internal Test including basic understanding of the concept,	CIA: C1	10 Marks
Viva Voce, Journal. Test should be conducted for 50 marks		
and later it should be reduced for 10 marks		

### **Summative Assessment for Practical:**

SEMESTER END EXAM : SEE	C2	40 Marks

### Instructions to set the question paper and question paper pattern:

### Instruction to set the question paper.

- 1. Question number 1 has 12 sub questions consisting of 3 questions from each unit. Each question carries two marks. Student has to answer any ten questions.
- Question number 2 to 7 are from unit I to IV.
   Each question carries five marks. Student has to answer any four questions
- 3. Question number 8 to 12 are from unit I to IV.

  Each question carries ten marks. Student has to answer any four questions

### **Question Paper pattern**

## B.Sc. Degree Examination COMPUTER SCIENCE

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 80

111116	2. 3 H		Max. Marks. ou
		Part- A	
1.		Answer any <u>TEN</u> questions	10 x 2 = 20
	a)		
	b)		
	c)		
	d)		
	e)		
	f)		
	g)		
	h)		
	i)		
	j)		
	k)		
	l)		
		Part-B	
		Answer any <u>Four</u> questions	4 x 5 = 20
	2		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6 7		
	/	Part-C	
		Answer any FOUR questions	4 X 10 = 40
	8		
	9		
	10		
	11		
	12		